### **ART – Progression across school**

Threads across Art and DT

- 1. To be **creative**, **experiment**, **explore**, **develop** techniques and control of materials and equipment during practical tasks.
- 2. To design, make and evaluate own work as well as the work of others.
- 3. To master **techniques** and be taught technical knowledge
- 4. To understand and use correct vocabulary
- 5. To research artists, designers, craftspeople from a range of **historical times** and **different cultures**.
- 6. To **record ideas** and designs in sketch books.

### **The Curriculum**

Key stage 1 Pupils should be taught:

to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products

to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination

to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space

about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.

Key stage 2 Pupils should be taught:

to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design.

to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas

to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]

about great artists, architects and designers in history.

### **Artistic Vocabulary**

### Line – Distance from one point to another.

Made with any mark making material, match, and trace with finger/media to draw lines. Can be dots, wavy, straight, broken, crosshatched etc.

Recommended artists are Raoul Dufy, MC Escher, Van Gogh, Henry Moore, Hokusai (prints), Bridget Riley, and William Morris (printing)

### Shape – Refers to enclosed space between lines e.g. overall shape of objects.

Observe and draw shapes from observations of animals, plants etc.

Paul Cezanne (still life), Giuseppe Arcimboldi (fruit and veg), Georges Braque (collage), Gustav Klimt, Fernand Leger, Pablo Picasso, Mark Rothko, Kurt Schwitters (collage), Hundertwasser.

#### Colour

Theory is best learnt through colour mixing and understand tone, dark and light as well as tints and shades. Conveys mood, atmosphere, temperature and expression.

Henri Matisse, Peter Blake, Raoul Dufy, Paul Gauguin, Van Gogh, Eduard Munch (emotions), Pablo Picasso (blue/red), George Seurat, Jackson Pollock, Mark Rothko, Henri Rousseau

### Tone – Refers to lightness or darkness of a colour.

Draw light/dark lines, patterns and shape. Look for shadows and darker areas that create 3d effect in 2d work.

Marc Chagall (dreams), Anthony Van Dyck (portraits), MC Escher, Eduard Manet, Pierre Renoir.

# Form – Refers to a 3D work of art e.g. sculpture or installation. It can also refer to all visible features of an artwork.

Constantin Brancusi (sculptor), Edgar Degas (ballet dancers), Elizabeth Frink (sculptor), Henry Moore, Barbara Hepworth, Damien Hirst.

### Texture – Surface quality of a piece of art.

Investigate and draw texture from buildings/animals, plants, landscaped etc. Rubbings create implied texture.

Jackson Pollock (moods and feelings), Andy Goldsworthy (sculptor), Auguste Renoir.

### Pattern - Repetition of visual effects.

Investigate patterns in man-made and natural objects familiar to children. Talk and look at repeating patterns linked to printing. Patterns used in different cultures such as fabrics and wallpapers.

Paul Cezanne, Andre Carl, Gustav Klimt, Andy Warhol, Hundertwasser.

This document covers drawing/painting, printing, textiles/collage, clay and digital media.

## PRINTING

Printing Expectation	What this could look like in class
EYFS Explore mark making, colour change,	Colour paint choices, fingers, hands, objects, vegetables on a selection of
describe texture.	textured papers and surfaces.
Experiments with blocks, colours, marks. Choses particular colours to use for a	
purpose.	
Year 1	Bricks, potatoes, fruits, grasses, leaves,
Print onto different surfaces	sponges.
Simple block print/repeating patterns	Overprinting with 2 contrasting colours  Different coloured papers/textures/fabric
Year 2	String/felt blocks to create own stamp
Press, roll, rub, stamp	Roll twisted paper onto choices of
Designing	paper/fabric
Year 3	Card block print/polystyrene press prints
Block print in 2 colours	using 2 colours
Year 4	Block or press print using 3 colours then
Print using 4 colours	mono-print over in black
Accurate print design on different materials	
Year 5	Use layered paper cut outs and printing
Print in a number of	techniques like screen printing using
colours/accurate/different materials	several colours for effect
Year 6	Lino print using 3 colours and applying
Overprint using different colours, Make decisions about effectiveness of printing methods.	techniques previously learnt.

## Clay work

Clay expectation	What this could look like in class
EYFS	Ball of clay/malleable material to
Explores malleable materials, joins	explore/push/pull/pat/stick together.
malleable materials together, uses and	Use sticks/tools to push in marks and
holds simple tools for purpose and to	patterns.
shape. Experiments with textures/colours,	
draws lines/circles, shows control over an	
object by pushing/patting, uses	
construction materials, realises tools can be	
used for a purpose, constructs with a	
purpose in mind, uses simple tools	
effectively, selects appropriate resources to	
shape, assemble and join materials they are	
using.	
Year 1	Use tools to cut out a shape e.g. simple tile.
Cut, roll, coil, add texture using tools, make	Make texture using tools, rolling for coils,
different shapes	using lace or corrugated card to transfer
	patterns.
Year 2	Thumb pots – join together
Make a pot	Add line/pattern/texture/ cut out shapes to
Join 2 finger pots together	make a simple container e.g. money box
Add line and shape	
Year 3	Thumb pot with added coils and decorate
Add on to work to create texture and shape	with repeated patterns.
Repeating patterns	Focus on joining techniques
Year 4	Combine shapes to make sculpture
Combine materials and shapes	Add pattern texture, shape and line to
To sculpt clay	decorate.
	Focus on joining techniques.
Year 5	Slab pots combined with thumb and coils.
Add texture and shape	Joining techniques. Adding
	texture/decorative shapes.
Year 6	Sculpture of figure/s to include
Create a model on a range of scales	combination of clay techniques learnt. Use
Include visual and tactile elements	of shapes, textures. Decorate with slip.

## **Drawing/Painting**

Drawing/Painting Expectation	What this could look like in class
EYFS Encourage and support the inventive ways in which children add or mix media or enjoy a particular experience, explores colour and how they can be changed, understands that they can use lines to enclose a space and then use these shapes to represent objects, beginning to be interested in and describe texture of things, explores what happens when they mix colours, experiments to create different textures, understands that different media can be combined to create new effects, manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect, beginning to use representation to communicate.	Explore colour mixing, lines, shapes, and textures of man-made and natural objects, mix various media and colours to see how they change.  Simple line drawings in variety of media to represent objects and themselves. Paint with sawdust/sand mixes.  Use hands.
Year 1 Communicate something about themselves, create models, draw using 2 grades of pencil/crayons, choose thick or thin brush, draw lines using different thicknesses, paint something they can see, name primary/secondary colours	Illustrate own work, draw using different media, use 2 grades of pencil and thicknesses of graphite, sticks, wax etc. Draw and paint something from nature that they can see. Name primary/secondary colours, communicate something about themselves using media/colours e.g. mood using warm/cool colours.
Year 2 Draw using 3 pencil grades in charcoal/pencil/pastel, mix own tones and tints, patterns and textures, mix paint to create secondary colours and predict outcomes, light/dark work.	Colour mixing, tone and tint work, light/dark drawings, wax resist in light/dark colours.
Year 3 Draw facial expressions, add notes to sketches, use graded pencils for tone and texture, know where colours sit in a colour wheel (contrasting and complementary), create background wash, use range of brushes for effect.	Portraits, watercolour washes, stippling and other brush techniques for texture.
Year 4 Create facial expression and body language, draw objects, use marks and lines to produce texture/represent figures and forms in movement using line, tone, shape, colour, show reflections, justify own choices.	Scratch into paint for texture, mix paints of different thicknesses, observational drawings of objects and figures in action, use tonal work to show the 3D aspects, mirror reflections of self/other pupil, contrasting halves of face.

Year 5 Use lines/texture to draw objects/shade for mood/use line, tone, shape, colour to represent figures and forms in movement, show reflections, create colours needed to express emotions in paint, concept of perspective.	Emotive paintings, water reflections, observational drawings of artefacts using shading and tonal work blended and softened to create 3d effect.
Year 6 Sketch to communicate emotions with sense of self and accuracy, explain choices of tools and techniques, explain their own style, use a wide range of techniques and explain them	Paintings and drawings with layered media, compositional and perspective work.

### **Textiles**

Textile expectation	
EYFS	Explore wools, fabric pieces, foil etc.
Use unusual or interesting materials and	Create a one colour collage.
resources that inspire exploration such as	Weave into plastic mesh on a large scale.
textured wall coverings, raffia, string,	
translucent paper or water based glues	
with colour added.	
Year 1	Create images from paper using cutting,
Cut and tear paper, card for collage, gather	folding, crumping, tearing, curing, twisting
and sort materials, sort threads and fabric	and overlapping. Weave with paper, fabric
and group by colour and texture, weave	and threads.
with fabric and thread.	
Year 2	Class patchwork collage, fabric wall
Create own and group collage, use variety	hanging, Simple weaving on card, sew into
of materials and justify choices, use	large woven piece, binca squares with
repeated patterns, join fabric using glue,	running stitch and dipped into pva to create
sew fabrics together, create part of class	fabric pot.
patchwork.	
Year 3	Make a paper frieze and overlay with
Accurately cut, overlap materials,	stitching to embellish, padded work to
experiment using different colours, use	create relief and textures. Tie dye fabrics
mosaic, use montage, use more than 1 type	then stitch to embellish.
of stitch, and join fabric to form a padded	
quilt, use sewing to add detail and texture.	
Year 4	Paper or ceramic mosaics, flour and water
Experiment and combine materials, use	batik and dye work, then add stitches.
sewing techniques as part of a project, use	
ceramic mosaics, combine visual and tactile	
qualities.	
Year 5	Teach all stitch types.
Use textile and sewing skills as part of a	Layering fabrics for effect e.g. felting,
project using running, cross and back stitch,	fringing, cut outs and applique using a
applique and embroidery, use ceramic	range of stitches for effect.
mosaic.	
Year 6	Combination of all elements, stitches and
Include visual ad tactile elements, justify	techniques taught.
materials chosen/ combine pattern, tone	Rag rugging.
and shape.	Recycle and sew fabric to create a new
	product.
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